Multiple Choice Questions

## Act I Scene One

- 1. During what time period does the play take place?
  - a. Sometime between WWI and WWII
  - b. Sometime between WWII and the present
  - c. During the Vietnam War
  - d. Before WWI
- 2. Who is Beneatha?
  - a. Mama
  - b. Walter and Ruth's daughter
  - c. Travis's sister
  - d. Walter's sister
- 3. Why was Ruth upset when Walter gave Travis the money?
  - a. She was trying to save money for Beneatha's education.
  - b. They didn't have the money to spare.
  - c. She was mad at Walter anyway. The money was just an excuse to vent her feelings.
  - d. Travis was too young to get any money.
- 4. Walter said, "Damn my eggs . . . damn all the eggs that ever was!" Why?
  - a. Walter was tired of Ruth's being sick all the time.
  - b. Walter was mad because Ruth had burned his breakfast.
  - c. Walter is tired of eating eggs.
  - d. Walter wants to dream of a better life and Ruth keeps pushing reality back at him.
- 5. Why was Mama getting a check for \$10,000?
  - a. It was insurance money from her husband's life insurance.
  - b. She had won the lottery.
  - c. She had won a contest.
  - d. The bank was sending her a check for the amount in her account. Since she was old, she thought it was time to spend her money.
- 6. Why did Beneatha say she wouldn't marry George?
  - a. He was too conceited.
  - b. He was too poor.
  - c. He was too shallow.
  - d. She just didn't like him.
- 7. What was Beneatha's attitude towards God?
  - a. She was very religious.
  - b. She did not believe in God.
  - c. She thought he was an unjust God.
  - d. "God is dead."
- 8. What happened to Ruth at the end of Act I Scene One?
  - a. Walter hit her.

- b. She burned herself while ironing.
- c. She fainted.
- d. She burst into tears.

## Act I Scene Two

- 9. Who is Joseph Asagai?
  - a. Beneatha's African friend
  - b. Walter's business partner
  - c. Ruth's doctor
  - d. Beneatha's teacher from Africa
- 10. 2. What did Ruth find out at the doctor's office?
  - a. She was pregnant.
  - b. Beneatha was pregnant.
  - c. She was suffering from depression.
  - d. She was exhausted and needed rest.
- 11. What is Asagai's present to Beneatha?
  - a. Books about assimilationism
  - b. Two kittens Willy and Bobo
  - c. Clothing from Nigeria
  - d. An invitation to go to Nigeria with him
- 12. Why is Asagai's nickname for Beneatha appropriate?
  - a. It means "Doctor of the Future."
  - b. It means "Hopeful Beauty."
  - c. It means "One More Chance."
  - d. It means "One for Whom Bread food Is Not Enough."
- 13. What does Mama say is "dangerous"?
  - a. When a man goes outside his own home to look for peace
  - b. When a man goes to the South side of Chicago
  - c. When a girl brings foreigners into her home
  - d. When God is forgotten in the home
- 14. Where did Ruth actually go instead of the doctor's office?
  - a. To check up on Beneatha
  - b. To look for a new house
  - c. To see a woman about having an abortion
  - d. To find out where the money was
- 15. Why did Mama call Walter a disgrace to his father's memory?
  - a. He had turned his back on God and had become an alcoholic.
  - b. He beat his wife and disgraced his mother.
  - c. He had become too concerned with money and had lost traditional family values.
  - d. He was too eager to spend the money Mama would receive from his father's insurance policy.

Act II Scene One

- 16. What was Beneatha's family doing when George came in?
  - a. Eating breakfast
  - b. Arguing
  - c. Dancing and signed Nigerian songs
  - d. Talking about the insurance money
- 17. What are "assimilationist Negroes"?
  - a. Negroes who do not believe in God
  - b. Negroes who have left Africa to go to American and become educated
  - c. Negroes who still live a tribal life in Nigeria
  - d. Negroes who give up their cultural heritage and take on the culture of a more dominant society
- 18. What did Mama do with her money?
  - a. Made a down payment on a home
  - b. Gave it all to Walter
  - c. Put it all away for Beneatha's education
  - d. Left it in the bank
- 19. Which of the following best describes the neighborhood of Clybourne Park?
  - a. All black
  - b. All white
  - c. A nice mix of black and white
  - d. All Hispanic
- 20. What was Walter's reaction to Mama's purchase?
  - a. He was elated.
  - b. He was disappointed.
  - c. He was understanding.
  - d. He was too tired to care.

## Act II Scene Two

- 21. How did Ruth find out Walter hadn't been going to work?
  - a. Walter's boss called.
  - b. Beneatha saw him.
  - c. Ruth saw him on her way back from the doctor's office.
  - d. Walter told her.
- 22. 2. Where had Walter been going instead of to work?
  - a. The local bar with Billy and Bobo
  - b. Driving and walking and watching people and thinking
  - c. Looking for a new house
  - d. Looking for a better job
- 23. What did Mama do for Walter?
  - a. Covered for him by lying to his boss

- b. Talked to Ruth to smooth things over
- c. Gave him the remaining money
- d. Moved out
- Act II Scene Three
  - 24. Who was Karl Lindner, and why did he visit the Youngers' house?
    - a. Walter's boss
    - b. Representative from the NAACP
    - c. Representative from the Clybourne Park Improvement Association
    - d. Ruth's doctor
  - 25. What was Walter's reaction to Lindner?
    - a. He accepted Lindner's offer.
    - b. He told Lindner to leave their apartment.
    - c. He personally disliked Lindner but agreed in principle.
    - d. He liked Lindner and all that he stood for.
  - 26. What presents did Mama get?
    - a. A plant and gardening tools
    - b. A plant and a hat
    - c. Gardening tools and a hat
    - d. A plant, gardening tools and a hat
  - 27. What news did Bobo bring to Walter?
    - a. Willy died.
    - b. Walter got fired.
    - c. The Clybourne Park Improvement Association wanted to buy him out.
    - d. Willy took the money and ran.

## Act III

- 28. Why didn't Beneatha want to be a doctor anymore?
  - a. She sees no human battle worth fighting; no human life worth saving.
  - b. She decided to go to Africa instead.
  - c. She doesn't want to have to treat the oppressors.
  - d. She's tired of school and intellectual ideas.
- 29. How did Asagai define "idealists"?
  - a. They are those who are also assimilationists.
  - b. They are those who see the changes in life.
  - c. They are the intellectuals.
  - d. They are those who refuse to think.
- 30. What does Asagai ask Beneatha to do?
  - a. Be more patient with Walter
  - b. Become a doctor in Nigeria
  - c. Continue her studies

- d. Marry him and live in Nigeria
- 31. What fault does Mama find with herself?
  - a. She's been dependent on Walter too long.
  - b. She's been too critical of Walter.
  - c. She "aimed too high."
  - d. She lost her faith.
- 32. What solution does Walter have?
  - a. Accept the money from Lindner
  - b. Borrow money to put Beneatha through school
  - c. Find Willy
  - d. All move to Nigeria
- 33. Why didn't Walter take the money Lindner offered?
  - a. It wasn't enough money.
  - b. His conscience wouldn't let him ruin his family's pride.
  - c. Willy returned the money he took.
  - d. Mama wouldn't let him.
- 34. Did the Youngers stay or move?
  - a. Moved
  - b. Stayed
  - c. Can't tell from the story